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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/626,223		07/24/2003	Samuel C. Ramey	A4-008 US	A4-008 US 4545	
23683	7590	12/29/2004		EXAMINER		
MOLEX IN				NGUYEN, PHUONGCHI T		
LISLE, IL		COOKI	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,				2833		

DATE MAILED: 12/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/626,223	RAMEY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Phuongchi Nguyen	2833				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence addre	ess			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed rs will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comm D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.					
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	r alastian requirement					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers	•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>24/07/03</u> is/are: a)⊠ a						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			4.40474)			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
TT) The bath of declaration is objected to by the Ex	daminier. Note the attached Office	Action of form F 10-	152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		ion No				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority			ane			
application from the International Bureau		od III tilis Mattoriai Ott	490			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed.				
	- 11 P	i I				
Attachment(s)	☑ Stachme					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) ∐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	_	Patent Application (PTO-15	52)			

DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's Remarks of September 21, 2004 are acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless – (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 1-5 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 1O2(b) as being anticipated by Natori et al (17563156218 1).

In regarding to claim 1, Natori et al discloses (attachment 1) a connector comprising a housing (230) having a first (or top) surface and a second (or bottom) surface, the housing (230) having a passageway (233) provided there through which extends from the first (or top) surface to the second (or bottom) surface, the passageway (233) having a recess (R) proximate to the first (or top) surface of the housing (230), and a conductive contact (51) received within the passageway (233), the contact (51) having a deformable portion (57) (abstract, lines 14-15) having a tip (88) provided at an end thereof (figures 5 and 7), the deformable portion (57) being capable in an undeformed position (position I) (attachment 1) and in a deformed position (position II), at least a (an end) portion of the tip (88) being provided within the recess (R) when the contact (51) is in an undeformed position (position I), at least a (an end) portion of the tip (88) being provided within the recess (R) when a lateral force (coming form a mating contact surface 501) is placed on the contact (51) to deform the deformable portion (57), (the height of) the recess (R) being sized and configured to limit lateral deflection of the tip

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(88) (at C) upon deformation of the deformable portion (57) in a lateral direction (A). A connector of Natori et al can be used as a land grid array connector.

In regarding to claim 2, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the tip (86) of the deformable portion (57) has enlarged portion (at tip 88) having a predetermined width (figure 7).

In regarding to claim 3, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the recess (R) has a width that is slightly larger than (it is inherent) the width of the enlarged portion (at tip 88).

In regarding to claim 4, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the tip (88) is provided at a first end of the contact (51), and a contact pad (59) is provided at a second end of the contact (51) (figure 6).

In regarding to claim 5, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the contact pad (59) is flat and flush with the second (or bottom) surface of the housing (figure 5).

In regarding to claim 17, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the each contact includes a deformable portion (57) and a fixed portion (53), the deformable portion (57) being laterally offset from the fixed portion (53) (figure 9).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 6-7 and 9- 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Natori et al (U563156218 1) in view of Huang et al (175668889381).

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In regarding to claim 6, Natori et al discloses the invention, but lacks a S-shape contact. However, Huang et al teaches the connector wherein the contact (12) is generally S-shaped (figure 2). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to change the shape of the contact of Natori et al to be a S shape as taught by Huang et al for the matter of design, since the shape of the contact of Natori et al has the same function as the shape of the contact of Huang et al.

In regarding to claim 7, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the tip (88) of the deformable portion (57) has an enlarged portion (at tip 88) (figure 7).

In regarding to claim 9, Natori et al discloses the invention, but lacks a plurality of passageways corresponding to plurality of contacts. However, Huang et al teaches a plurality of passages (101) in the housing (102j and a plurality of contacts (12) are provided, respective ones of the contacts (12) being mounted within respective ones of the passageways (101) (figure 1). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to modify the connector of Natori et al by providing a plurality of passages corresponding to plurality of contacts as taught by Huang et al to expand the connector.

In regarding to claim 10, Natori et al discloses the invention, but lacks the arrangement of the contacts in the housing. However, Howell et al teaches the passageways (101) and the contacts (12) are provided in the housing (102) in a high-density arrangement (figure 1). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to modify the connector of Natori et al by providing a plurality of passages corresponding to plurality of contacts as taught by Huang et al a high-density arrangement to prevent the contacts from crossing to each other.

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Claims 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16 are rejected for the same reason of claims 8, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, respectively.

6. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Natori et al (US6315621B1).

In regarding to claim 8, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the contact (51) has a thickness (figure 5). Natori et al does not disclose the length of the thickness of the contact. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to provide on the thickness of the contact of Natori et al a length approximately .0003 inches for the purpose of the user needed.

Reponses to Arguments

- Applicant argues that "Natori et al does not disclose, teach or suggest a recess being sized and configured to limit lateral deflection of the terminal tip" is not deemed persuasive. Because "the lateral force is placed on the contact" having a lateral direction (A) defined by Examiner is the insert direction (attachment 1), (the height of) the recess (R) being sized and configured to limit lateral deflection of the tip (88) (at a stop moving point of the deflection of the tip 88) from the undeformable portion (position I) of the terminal tip (as seen in a thick line) to the deformable portion (position II) of the terminal tip (as seen in a dash-line) by a limit distance (B).
- 8. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning.

 But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include

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knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). In this case, the shape of the contact of Natori et al has bee changed to be a S shape as taught by Huang et al for the matter of design, since the shape of the contact of Natori et al has the same function as the shape of the contact of Huang et al.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phuongchi Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-2012. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM-4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paula Bradley can be reached on (571) 272-2800 ext 33. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application information Retrieval IPAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PMR.

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PCN

December 22, 2004

ROSS GUSHI

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